HOUSE BILL No. 1723

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-18.5.

Synopsis: Local government finance. Prohibits a civil taxing unit from imposing a property tax levy for general government expenditures after 2006. Excludes public safety expenditures, judicial system expenditures, welfare expenditures, and expenditures to repay bonds and leases from the prohibition. Freezes property tax levies for public safety expenditures and judicial system expenditures at 2006 levels. Establishes the study committee on property tax reductions.

Effective: July 1, 2005; January 1, 2006.

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January 19, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1723

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



property tax levy for:				
by section 3 of this chapter applies only to a civil taxing unit's				
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006]: Sec. 0.5. The levy limit imposed				
CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS				
SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-18.5-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA				

- (1) public safety expenditures; and
- (2) judicial system expenditures.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-18.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

"Ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year" means the total property taxes imposed by a civil taxing unit for current property taxes collectible in that ensuing calendar year.

"Adopting county" means any county in which the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect.

"Civil taxing unit" means any taxing unit except a school corporation.



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1	"General government expenditure" means any expenditure of
2	a civil taxing unit that is not:
3	(1) a public safety expenditure;
4	(2) a judicial system expenditure;
5	(3) an expenditure to repay bonds or lease rentals;
6	(4) payable from a levy subject to IC 6-1.1-18.5; or
7	(5) payable from a revenue source other than property taxes.
8	"Judicial system expenditure" means an expenditure related to
9	the following:
10	(1) A court.
11	(2) A probation department of a court.
12	(3) Confinement, supervision, community corrections services,
13	or other correctional services for a person who has been:
14	(A) diverted before a final hearing or trial under an
15	agreement that:
16	(i) is between the prosecuting attorney and the person or
17	the person's custodian, guardian, or parent; and
18	(ii) provides for confinement, supervision, community
19	correction services, or other correctional services instead
20	of a final action described in clause (B) or (C);
21	(B) convicted of a crime; or
22	(C) adjudicated as a delinquent child or a child in need of
23	services.
24	"Maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the
25	preceding calendar year" means the civil taxing unit's ad valorem
26	property tax levy for the calendar year immediately preceding the
27	ensuing calendar year, as that levy was determined by the department
28	of local government finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget,
29	levy, and rate for that preceding calendar year under IC 6-1.1-17, and
30	after eliminating the effects of temporary excessive levy appeals and
31	temporary adjustments made to the working maximum levy for the
32	calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year, as
33	determined by the department of local government finance.
34	"Public safety expenditure" means an expenditure to establish,
35	maintain, operate, provide facilities or equipment for, contract for,
36	finance, or repay a judgment or another obligation related to any
37	of the following:
38	(1) A police and law enforcement system to preserve public
39	peace and order.
40	(2) A firefighting and fire prevention system.
41	(3) Emergency ambulance services (as defined in
42	IC 16-18-2-107), except as part of a levy for a county hospital



1	undon IC 16 22 on a municipal beautal and an IC 16 22
1 2	under IC 16-22 or a municipal hospital under IC 16-23. (4) Emergency medical services (as defined in
3	(4) Emergency medical services (as defined in IC 16-18-2-110), except as part of a levy for a county hospital
3 4	under IC 16-22 or a municipal hospital under IC 16-23.
5	(5) Emergency action (as defined in IC 13-11-2-65).
6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(6) Pension payments for any of the following:
7	(A) A member of the fire department (as defined in
8 9	IC 36-8-1-8) or any other employee of a fire department.
10	(B) A member of the police department (as defined in
10	IC 36-8-1-9), a police chief hired under a waiver under
	IC 36-8-4-6.5, or any other employee hired by a police
12	department.
13 14	(C) A county sheriff or any other member of the office of
14	the county sheriff. (D) Other personnel employed to provide a corvice
	(D) Other personnel employed to provide a service
16	described in subdivisions (1) through (5).
17	(7) Providing facilities, equipment, and personnel for the
18	operation of the following:
19	(A) A county jail. (B) A invention detention center
20	(B) A juvenile detention center. "Taxable property" means all tangible property that is subject to the
21	
22	tax imposed by this article and is not exempt from the tax under
23	IC 6-1.1-10 or any other law. For purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this
24	chapter, the term "taxable property" is further defined in section 6 of
25	this chapter.
26	"Unadjusted assessed value" means the assessed value of a civil
27	taxing unit as determined by local assessing officials and the
28	department of local government finance in a particular calendar year
29	before the application of an annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 for
30	that particular calendar year or any calendar year since the last general
31	reassessment preceding the particular calendar year.
32	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as
34	otherwise provided in this chapter, and IC 6-3.5-8-12, a civil taxing
35	unit that is treated as not being located in an adopting county under
36	section 4 of this chapter may not impose an ad valorem property tax
37	levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the total amount
38	determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:
39	STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad
40	valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the
41	part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, that was used

to reduce the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under



1	STEP EIGHT of subsection (b) for that preceding calendar year.
2	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by
3	the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) of this
4	chapter.
5	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths
6	(1.15) or the quotient (rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth
7	(0.0001)), of the assessed value of all taxable property subject to
8	the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing
9	calendar year, divided by the assessed value of all taxable
10	property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem
11	property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that is
12	contained within the geographic area that was subject to the civil
13	taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding
14	calendar year.
15	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in
16	STEP THREE or one (1).
17	STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by
18	the amount determined in STEP FOUR.
19	STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the
20	amount determined under subsection (c).
21	STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined
22	under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX. of
23	the civil taxing unit's public safety expenditures and judicial
24	system expenditures in 2006.
25	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and IC 6-3.5-8-12,
26	a civil taxing unit that is treated as being located in an adopting county
27	under section 4 of this chapter may not impose an ad valorem property
28	tax levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the amount
29	determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:
30	STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad
31	valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the
32	part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, used to reduce
33	the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under STEP
34	EIGHT of this subsection for that preceding calendar year.
35	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by
36	the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) of this
37	chapter.
38	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths
39	(1.15) or the quotient of the assessed value of all taxable property
40	subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for
41	the ensuing calendar year divided by the assessed value of all
12	taxable property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad



valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that	
is contained within the geographic area that was subject to the	
civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding	
calendar year.	
STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in	
STEP THREE or one (1).	
STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by	
the amount determined in STEP FOUR.	
STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the	
amount determined under subsection (c).	
STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined	
under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX.	
STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP FIVE	
of subsection (e) from the amount determined under STEP	
SEVEN of this subsection.	
(c) If a civil taxing unit in the immediately preceding calendar year	
provided an area outside its boundaries with services on a contractual	
basis and in the ensuing calendar year that area has been annexed by	
equals the amount paid by the annexed area during the immediately	
preceding calendar year for services that the civil taxing unit must	
the STEP TWO amount is the amount determined in subsection	
(f) for the civil taxing unit. For each year following the	
•	
•	
unit.	
	is contained within the geographic area that was subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding calendar year. STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in STEP THREE or one (†): STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by the amount determined in STEP FOUR. STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the amount determined under subsection (c): STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX: STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP SIX: STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP SIX: STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP SEVEN of this subsection: (c) If a civil taxing unit in the immediately preceding calendar year provided an area outside its boundaries with services on a contractual basis and in the ensuing calendar year that area has been annexed by the civil taxing unit, the amount to be entered under STEP SIX of subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may be; equals the amount paid by the annexed area during the immediately preceding calendar year for services that the civil taxing unit must provide to that area during the ensuing calendar year as a result of the annexation. In all other cases, the amount to be entered under STEP SIX of subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may be; equals zero (0): (d) This subsection applies only to civil taxing units located in a county having a county adjusted gross income tax rate for resident county taxpayers (as defined in 6-3.5-1.1-1) of one percent (1%) as of January 1 of the ensuing calendar year. For each civil taxing unit, the amount to be added to the amount determined in subsection (e), STEP FOUR, is determined using the following formula: STEP ONE: Multiply the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year by two percent (2%): STEP TWO: For the determined in STEP ONE; or (B) the



1	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of:	
2	(A) zero (0); or	
3	(B) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing	
4	calendar year minus the greater of:	
5	(i) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the calendar year	
6	that immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year; or	
7	(ii) the civil taxing unit's base year certified share.	
8	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of:	
9	(A) zero (0) ; or	
0	(B) the amount determined in STEP TWO minus the amount	
1	determined in STEP THREE.	
2	Add the amount determined in STEP FOUR to the amount determined	
3	in subsection (e), STEP THREE, as provided in subsection (e), STEP	
4	FOUR.	
5	(e) For each civil taxing unit, the amount to be subtracted under	
6	subsection (b), STEP EIGHT, is determined using the following	
7	formula:	
. 8	STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of the civil taxing unit's base	
9	year certified share for the ensuing calendar year, as determined	
20	under section 5 of this chapter, or the civil taxing unit's certified	
21	share for the ensuing calendar year.	
22	STEP TWO: Determine the greater of:	
23	(A) zero (0); or	
24	(B) the remainder of:	_
2.5	(i) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that was	
26	received by the civil taxing unit in 1985; minus	
27	(ii) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that will be	
28	received by the civil taxing unit in the year preceding the	Y
29	ensuing calendar year.	
0	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of:	
31	(A) the amount determined in STEP TWO; or	
32	(B) the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing	
33	unit.	
4	STEP FOUR: Add the amount determined in subsection (d),	
55	STEP FOUR, to the amount determined in STEP THREE.	
66	STEP FIVE: Subtract the amount determined in STEP FOUR	
57	from the amount determined in STEP ONE.	
8	(f) As used in this section, a taxing unit's "determination year"	
9	means the latest of:	
10	(1) calendar year 1987, if the taxing unit is treated as being	
1	located in an adopting county for calendar year 1987 under	
12	section 4 of this chapter;	



1	(2) the taxing unit's base y	vear, as defined in	section 5 of this		
2	chapter, if the taxing unit i				
3	adopting county for calend		=		
4	chapter; or	•			
5	(3) the ensuing calendar y	ear following the	first year that the		
6	taxing unit is located in a co				
7	income tax rate of more than				
8	that year.	•	•		
9	The amount to be used in subse	ections (d) and (e) for a taxing unit		
10	depends upon the taxing unit's ce	rtified share for th	e ensuing calendar	- 1	
11	year, the taxing unit's determination year, and the county adjusted gross				
12	income tax rate for resident county taxpayers (as defined in				
13	IC 6-3.5-1.1-1) that is in effect in the taxing unit's county on July 1 of				
14	the year preceding the ensuing calendar year. For the determination				
15	year and the ensuing calendar years following the taxing unit's				
16	determination year, the amount is the taxing unit's certified share for				
17	the ensuing calendar year multiplied by the appropriate factor				
18	prescribed in the following table:				
19	COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 1/2%				
20			Subsection (e)		
21	Year		Factor		
22	For the determination year and each ensuing				
23	calendar year following the determination year 0				
24	COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 3/4%				
25			Subsection (e)		
26	Year		Factor	_	
27	For the determination year and e	ach ensuing		\	
28	calendar year following the deter	rmination year	1/2		
29	COUNTIES WITH:	A TAX RATE OF	1.0%	1	
30		Subsection (d)	Subsection (e)		
31	Year	Factor	Factor		
32	For the determination year	1/6	1/3		
33	For the ensuing calendar year				
34	following the determination year 1/4 1/3				
35	For the ensuing calendar year				
36	following the determination year	•			
37	by two (2) years				
38	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-18.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS				
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANU	_			
40	taxing unit is not subject to the levy limits imposed by section 3 of this				
41	chapter for an ensuing calendar year if the civil taxing unit did not				
12	adopt an ad valorem property tax levy described in section 0.5 of this				



chapter for the immediately preceding calendar year.

(b) If under subsection (a) a civil taxing unit is not subject to the levy limits imposed under section 3 of this chapter for a calendar year, the civil taxing unit shall refer its proposed budget, ad valorem property tax levy, and property tax rate for that calendar year to the local government tax control board established by section 11 of this chapter before the tax levy is advertised. The local government tax control board shall then review and make a recommendation to the department of local government finance on the civil taxing unit's budget, ad valorem property tax levy, and property tax rate for that calendar year. The department of local government finance shall make a final determination of the civil taxing unit's budget, ad valorem property tax levy, and property tax rate for that calendar year. However, a civil taxing unit may not impose a property tax levy for a year if the unit did not exist as of March 1 of the preceding year.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-18.5-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006]: Sec. 21. Notwithstanding any other law, a civil taxing unit may not impose a property tax levy to pay general government expenditures after December 31, 2006.

SECTION 6. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006]: IC 6-1.1-18.5-2; IC 6-1.1-18.5-4; IC 6-1.1-18.5-5; IC 6-1.1-18.5-6; IC 6-1.1-18.5-9; IC 6-1.1-18.5-9.5; IC 6-1.1-18.5-10.3; IC 6-1.1-18.5-12; IC 6-1.1-18.5-13; IC 6-1.1-18.5-13.6; IC 6-1.1-18.5-20.

SECTION 7. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2006] (a) IC 6-1.1-18.5-0.5 and IC 6-1.1-18.5-21, both as added by this act, apply to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2006.

(b) IC 6-1.1-18.5-1, IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, and IC 6-1.1-18.5-7, all as amended by this act, apply to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2006.

SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005] (a) As used in this SECTION, "committee" refers to the interim study committee on property tax reductions established by this SECTION.

- (b) There is established the interim study committee on property tax reductions. The committee shall prepare legislation for introduction in the 2006 session of the general assembly to:
 - (1) provide local governments with a funding source to replace the property tax levies prohibited by this act;
 - (2) limit total local government spending; and
 - (3) bring all laws in conflict with this act into conformity with











1	this act.	
2	(c) The committee shall operate under the policies governing	
3	study committees adopted by the legislative council.	
4	(d) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members	
5	appointed to the committee are required for the committee to take	
6	action on any measure, including final reports.	
7	(e) This SECTION expires November 1, 2005.	
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